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On Rocky Point, on the 2d inst., by Dr. A. F. Newkirk, Mr. J. R. EMMETT, to Miss SARAH E. CHASE.

# SPECIAL NOTICE.

**ERRORS OF YOUTH.**  
A GENTLEMAN who suffered from years from all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt of directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar st., New York, 10-13.

From the Raleigh Sentinel.  
The "Constitutional Convention,"  
(So-called).

# MORNING SESSION.

MONDAY, March 2, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. H. T. Hudson, of the city.

A communication from Gen. Canby, in regard to the contested election case, was announced, and referred without reading to the committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Abbott moved to suspend the rules and take up the report of the committee on Immigration.

The Chair deferred the motion to be at this time out of order.

Mr. Abbott, after reading from the decision of the Chair and the appeal was not sustained.

Mr. Andrews presented a petition for a divorce between certain parties. Referred.

Mr. Blume, a petition of the same character. Referred.

# RESOLUTIONS, ORDINANCES, &c.

By Mr. Rich: A resolution raising a committee of two from each Congressional District, to suggest what bills should be acted on by this Convention. Lies over.

Mr. Heaton offered a resolution that the Convention shall adjourn on the 12th inst.

Mr. H. moved to suspend the rules and adopt, but was ruled out of order by the Chair.

Harris, of Wake (negro), a resolution providing that the roll shall be called each morning; and another resolution that no member receive pay after the 15th inst.

Mr. H. moved to suspend the rules and adopt, but was ruled out of order by the Chair.

By Mr. Rodman: A resolution increasing the committee of three on Divorces, &c. Lies over.

By Mr. Candler: A resolution approving the impeachment of President Johnson; and giving thanks to Congress for so doing. Lies over.

By Mr. Jones, of Caldwell: A resolution that the Convention meet at 9 o'clock, A. M. Lies over.

# UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. Abbott moved to make the report of the committee on Immigration the special order for to-morrow. Lost.

Mr. Heaton moved to take it up now. Carried.

Mr. Abbott proceeded at length to advocate the provisions of the report, particularly the feature of establishing an agency in New York. He argued the matter some time to show the benefits that would accrue to the State if such a measure was adopted, and cited the example of various States that had pursued the same plan with the most beneficial results.

Mr. Candler offered an ordinance as a substitute, empowering the Legislature to create the office and authorizing the Governor to appoint, and the Legislature to confirm the Commissioner.

Mr. Heaton favored the original ordinance. He thought the Legislature could modify or change it when proper. He had seen the best benefits from immigration in the North West.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the ordinance was the special order for to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Heaton, the rules were suspended to take up his resolution, setting apart the 12th inst. for adjournment.

Mr. Forkner, as chairman of the committee on adjournment, accepted.

Mr. Rodman moved an amendment that after the 12th inst., no member shall receive pay.

Mr. Heaton accepted it.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, after some remarks concerning the matter, said that he did not think they could possibly adjourn on the 15th or 20th inst.

Mr. French, of Chowan, favored Mr. Rodman's amendment.

Mr. Nicholson was in favor of adjourning on the 12th inst., but hoped Mr. Rodman would withdraw his amendment, as he considered it a discourteous one. As for himself, when his pay was stopped, he intended to go home.

Mr. Candler offered a resolution, "that it is the sense of this Convention that we adjourn on the 12th inst.; but if the work is incomplete, that this Convention have the power to rescind its action in this case. Carried."

# SPECIAL ORDER—HOMESTEAD.

The question occurred on the 2d section as amended.

Hood (negro) moved its adoption.

Mr. Rich moved to strike out in lines 1 and 2, the words "not exceeding one hundred acres of land. Carried."

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, offered an amendment, to come in line 2, after "debt," as follows: "but no property shall be exempt from taxes, or for payment of obligations contracted for the purchase of said premises." Carried.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, offered a substitute for the whole, leaving the matter with the Legislature. He thought the Convention was going too far, sticking every small matter in the Constitution. It would be a cumbersome affair. He did not see why the Homestead should be regulated here.

The yeas and nays were called on Mr. Graham's substitute, and had, resulting in yeas 32, nays 12.

Mr. Tourgee moved to postpone the further discussion of this matter and make it the special order on Thursday night next.

Hood (negro) wished to have the report recommitted. Not agreed to.

Mr. Tourgee's motion then prevailed.

By consent Mr. Tourgee submitted a report from the committee on towns, cities, &c., which was ordered to be printed and made the special order for Thursday next, at 12 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Ashley, the report of the committee on Education was made the special order for Friday next.

Mr. Walker moved to make the report of the committee on Penitentiaries and Penal Institutions the special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Carried.

Mr. Rodman moved that his ordinance for Relief be made the special order for to-morrow evening. No objection.

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# Wilmington Journal.

# RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 square, of 10 lines or less, for each and every insertion, \$1.

Special Notices will be charged \$2.00 per square for each and every insertion.

All Ordinances and private publications of every character, are charged as advertisements.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under any circumstances, be admitted.

# VISIONS WERE SO PLAIN THAT HE DID NOT THINK IT NECESSARY TO DISCUSS IT.

Mr. Heaton desired further consideration of this amendment. He was not ready to commit himself.

Mr. Abbott said that the amendment could be passed over without his objection.

It was accordingly passed over.

Sections 5, 6 and 7 were adopted.

The question occurred on the report, as a whole, as amended.

The yeas and nays were called, and the vote stood, yeas 83, nays 15.

Mr. Tourgee moved to reconsider the vote taken last night upon Mr. Rodman's ordinance.

Mr. Watts moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Tourgee, who had the floor, gave way for Mr. Rich, who introduced an ordinance to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company.

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 7 o'clock this evening.

# FOR THE JOURNAL.

Conservative Meeting in the County of Brunswick.

At a meeting of the Conservatives of Brunswick county, at the Court House in Smithville, March 23, 1868, the following proceedings were had:

Dr. W. C. Curtis was appointed Chairman, and Rev. W. M. D. Moore requested to act as Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been explained by the Chairman, a committee was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen, viz: Dr. S. D. Thurston, John D. Taylor and David S. Cowan, who, after retiring a short time, returned and reported as follows:

Resolved, That we hereby heartily approve of and endorse the declaration of principles set forth by the late Conservative Convention, and that we will devote our best energies to their maintenance.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting, in compliance with the plan of organization recommended by that Convention, be requested to appoint a County Committee, to consist of two persons, to take charge of all matters of registration and local organization.

Resolved, That this committee be requested, earnestly and promptly to proceed to the enrollment of all registered voters who are willing to vote and act with our organization, and that the County Caussees be respectfully and urgently solicited to commence at the earliest possible moment a thorough and vigorous canvass in the advocacy of the principles embodied in the resolutions of the late Convention.

Resolved, That a County Executive Committee, of six persons, be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting, whose duty it shall be to prepare and issue a call for the holding of a County Convention, for the nomination of candidates for the Legislature, if it shall be deemed advisable and expedient so to do, and to take into consideration such other matters as may be deemed advisable for the success of the cause.

The above resolutions were unanimously adopted. Upon their adoption the meeting was very agreeably entertained by several able addresses by D. J. Devane, Swift Galloway, J. W. Ellis, D. C. Allen, and others, who explained the purposes of the Conservative party, and pressed upon the attention of all present the great necessity of being wary and diligent in the selection of candidates for the Legislature, if it shall be deemed advisable and expedient so to do, and to take into consideration such other matters as may be deemed advisable for the success of the cause.

A committee was also appointed for each precinct in the county, viz:

North West—Joseph Green, Samuel R. Chinn, Henry J. Byrd.

Town Creek—Dr. F. W. Potter, Thomas M. Williams, John N. Bennett.

Smithville—J. W. Galloway, G. W. Swain, G. W. Pugh.

Lockwood's Ferry—A. Brown, Dr. A. T. Tolson, Wallingford Green.

Shallotte—D. C. Bennett, S. B. Stannaland, Sam'l Bell.

Waccamaw—John B. Gause, G. K. Andrews, J. H. Hughes.

On motion, it was voted that the proceedings of the meeting be sent to the Wilmington Journal, Raleigh Sentinel, and the Carolinian, with a request for publication.

W. G. CURTIS, Chairman.

W. M. D. MOORE, Secretary.

# FOR THE JOURNAL.

Mr. French, of Chatham (4).

Messrs. Editors—I chanced on yesterday, to see the Raleigh Standard of the 26th ultimo, in which is reported a most villainous speech of Mr. French of Bladen! There is not, never has been, and I trust, for the character of that good old county, never will be, a son of hers so lost to every sentiment of manly virtue and decency, as to spew out of his mouth such unchristian and altogether abominable words as those contained in that speech (!) Bladen has no such man to represent her. One of that name, a negro-loving, Jack-Ketch, recently enfranchised from the folds of a Cape Cod Yankee Sutter's tent, is the delegate and representative of his class from the county of Bladen to the Constitutional Convention, and he is now busy on Monday and Tuesday, with a request for publication.

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# FOR THE JOURNAL.

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1868.  
GRAND CONSERVATIVE RALLY!  
LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC  
MEETING OF THE CITIZENS!

THE INTELLIGENCE AND WEALTH  
OF NEW HANOVER REPRESENTED.

WILMINGTON'S MATRONS AND FAIR  
DAUGHTERS HONOR THE SCENE  
BY THEIR PRESENCE.

Thalian Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity last night with the beauty and intelligence of Wilmington. The citizens were out en masse. A number of Wilmington's fairest daughters graced the occasion with their presence. The parquette and dress circle were crowded, and so great was the throng that many were under the necessity of standing in the aisles and passages. The colored population were also represented, the galleries being filled with many of this class, drawn probably by motives of curiosity.

The meeting was organized by the election of Hon. Hugh Waddell, Chairman, and Dr. W. W. Lane and Capt. S. A. Ashe and H. C. Brock, Secretaries.

On taking his seat, the Chairman stated that he appeared at the request of the Executive Committee. An old soldier in the cause of his fellow-citizens like himself, under ordinary circumstances might be excused. But it is now a time of life or death, and the man who fails to serve his country and posterity on such an occasion, deserves to be ranked with the beasts. The cloud which lowers over us is dark, and danger is hovering in the air, but the speaker thanked God that he could see a silver lining. Though the storm is threatening, yet the radiant faces which now surround us, give promise that all is well, and surely we have no cause for despair while their approving smiles urge their fathers, sons and brothers on in the good work in which they are engaged. He was glad to see them out, and to think that they should be stimulated by their presence. The issue which is now presented to the people of our State is exposed in all its nakedness, and it is simply this: shall the white or black race predominate. The speaker thought it useless to demonstrate or argue this question. Who would not prefer instant death to facing the spirit of his revolutionary sire after accepting of such degradation? God has permitted us to be cursed for some good reason, and he alone can bring good out of evil. We should submit to him like useful children. The Northern States have rejected the equality of the negro race and have determined it shall not be forced upon them. He believed the present position of the negroes forced upon them, and not their choice. The condition of servitude was no natural to the African race. At the present time in his native country he occupies this position, as he did six thousand years ago—God and Nature's voice cannot be overcome by the Republican party. The contest which is now approaching will only be temporary, if we do our duty. The white race must predominate. After urging upon each voter present to do his duty, and offering an excuse for want of preparation, the Chairman took his seat.

On motion of Maj. J. A. Engelhard, a committee of five (5) gentlemen were appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of this meeting.

The Chair appointed as this Committee, Maj. J. A. Engelhard, Dr. J. B. Seay, Col. Jas. G. Burr, Maj. Jas. S. Hines and C. McRae, Esq.

After retiring for a few moments, the Committee returned, and through their Chairman, Maj. J. A. Engelhard, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Conservatives of New Hanover County, in Convention assembled, do most heartily endorse the resolutions adopted by the recent State Convention of that party; and that they give to the nominations made by the Executive Committee their undivided support, earnestly uniting for the common good of our afflicted State.

Resolved, That we devote ourselves to an earnest and vigorous prosecution of the canvass, and that our labors for the success of our principles shall cease only when the polls have been finally closed.

Resolved, That we acknowledge with feelings of grateful pleasure the complimentary paid to New Hanover in the selection of one of her most honored and devoted citizens, Col. EDWARD D. HALL, for the office of Lieutenant Governor.

Resolved, That we sincerely regret the refusal of Hon. Z. B. Vance, to become our candidate for Governor, but look for the same good judgment in the selection of the new candidate which characterized the nomination of that distinguished and popular gentleman.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of this county are hereby fully empowered to put in nomination good and true men for all county officers whose election may be provided for by the Constitution to be submitted to the people of North Carolina by the Convention now in session at Raleigh.

Resolved, That the Committee are hereby instructed to act promptly, so soon as it is ascertained from the Constitution itself what office is authorized to represent the county of New Hanover in the Convention to be held in Wilmington on the 19th instant, to nominate a candidate for Solicitor for the Fourth Judicial Circuit.

Geo. V. Strong, Esq., was then introduced by the Chairman, and addressed the meeting for the space of an hour or more. He was followed by Hon. S. J. Person, who in turn was succeeded by Col. R. H. Cowan. The remarks of these gentlemen were most able, eloquent and stirring. We regret that the late hour prevents comment. We propose in our next issue, however, alluding to them at some length.

This meeting was most enthusiastic and cheering, the largest assembly that we have seen gathered in our public halls since the war. It is especially gratifying that so many ladies were present, as we have much cause to rejoice in, and feel proud of, this fact. —Daily Journal 11th inst.

No Question of Loyalty.

The radicals in this State, and, indeed, in every other now groaning under Congressional oppression, endeavor to cast dust in the eyes of Northern men coming here to fill situations, public or private, or to engage in business, by babbling about the loyal and the disloyal. Every Democrat or Conservative, it matters not whether he has served in the army of Grant or in the army of Lee, is put down by those owls, those scratch-owls of darkness, as plotting for the overthrow of rights constitutional. Was there ever such a misrepresentation of right and wrong? Was there ever such a false enacted on the platform of politics? Satan sat upon his throne and said: "I am greater than God!" Thad. Stevens sits upon his throne, and from it rules Radical representatives, saying: "I am greater than the Constitution!"

The terms South echo the words of this zany, and grin, and growl, and show their teeth, and gibber that nobody is here loyal except he takes to his bosom the darling ideas of the whole monstrous system of Radical diabolism. To be a Holden is to be a loyal man. To wear a weathercock in one's hat is to be a loyal man, and, like the bomb-proof, Southside, greedy, bombastic X. P. G. W. change sides when five thousand dollars and eight dollars per diem are to be gained—certainly this is "truly loyal!"

To blast the Constitution, the framers of the Constitution, the President of the nation and his Cabinet, and all that are in any way opposed to Radical innovations, and the political economy of Radicalism—is certainly "too much loyal!"

Come to my arms you ebony critters, you are black but beautiful; we now want your votes; when we have got them you can go where they say Cain has gone—O, very "loyal." We shall be masters of the "rebels" and the Northern men who come here and do not side with us. A question of loyalty! you white men of the South, and of the North, Stamp them down as vile calumniators of your race; stamp them down as men unfitted for your respect, and who in no way can injure your reputation or your present business pursuits. Come out, and fear not their power; lend your aid in defeating their mad designs. Topple the monster fabrication of Radicalism. Winnow the wheat; cause them to be picked, gathered and scattered on the fields of Radical rottenness, to feed Radical worms; to increase Radical filth and Radical corruption.

You men that have come here from New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania; believe not the slanders which the enemies of the white man disseminate. You are strangers here; but being so, does not militate against the convictions of your heart, those cherished political opinions and creeds of the masses of your native States. The place should not change the man. The place man will remain true under whatever sun, and will never prove recreant to the sacred dust of his forefathers. The idea! Will you suffer to be incorporated in negro regiments? To be marshaled by negro officers? Ponder the question, and decide. Are cliques of ruffian men, with no other claim than that which gives them the support of the emancipated slaves, to make your laws, to browbeat you, to threaten? "Be ye men and suffer such dishonor?" Look to the past. Do you see anything there to advise such unheard-of proceedings? Remember the present will affect us but little. Alas! the future of our children will be dark. They will grow up to curse, and never to bless, the men that were at all instrumental in bringing about such a moral degradation.

Candidate for Governor.

The declension of Governor VANCE to become the Conservative candidate for Governor, makes it necessary to select some other gentleman, which the State Executive Committee, in connection with the Executive Congressional and Judicial Committees, propose to do on Saturday next. We have studiously refrained from attempting to influence the nomination of any favorite individual, having the utmost confidence in the judgment and discretion of the nominating power. And we are fully aware that it is no time now to press the claims of personal or party preferences, but to unite upon those most acceptable to the people, and the use of their name can best promote the great aims of the Conservative party in defeating the odious Constitution which the Radicals are attempting to fasten upon the State.

We would not depart from this rule at this time, was not a different course forced upon us by the fact that the Morning Star, of this city, places at the head of its columns as its favorite candidate for Governor the name of the Hon. NATHANIEL A. BOWDEN, of Rowan, and as such, recommends him to the nominating committees. If his silence should not be construed into an approbation of the recommendation, and his name go before the Committees as the choice of the people of New Hanover, and possibly of this section of the State, we would remain silent. This course, however, might be productive of evil consequences, for we are satisfied that there is no public man in the State, professing to belong to the Conservative party, who has less to recommend him to our people than Mr. BOWDEN, and none less popular. His nomination will, we think, create little enthusiasm at home, and will be received by the people of this section with dangerous indifference, if not with positive objection.

We are fully aware that the principal object in nominating Conservative candidates is to bring out the people to vote against the Constitution, and we must subordinate all preferences to accomplish this object, and there is no paper which has shown in the past, and stands ready to do so in the future, a more willing disposition or earnest effort in this respect than THE JOURNAL, and we will labor as diligently to prevent any nomination which we are satisfied will defeat this object.

In this spirit, therefore, and in order to give our most emphatic denial that Mr. BOWDEN has any popularity in this section of the State, we pen this article. There are a host of gentlemen among the Conservatives of the State, the nomination of any of whom will prove a tower of strength to the cause, and it will not, therefore, be necessary to place at the head of the ticket one who will bring it no strength, and may prove a source of weakness.

It is useless for us to mention the names

of these gentlemen, and with one exception we will not do so. If he will accept, the name of WILLIAM A. CHAMBERLAIN will bring more strength to the ticket than any other, not only in this section, but throughout the State.

While we will give the nomination of the party our hearty support, and while we are willing to sink all friendships and prejudices, some attention must be paid to feelings of positive aversion throughout a whole section of the State in the selection of a candidate.

Col. E. D. Hall.

Col. HALL has returned home after a canvass of Onslow county. He represents that county as fully aroused and terribly in earnest to defeat the evil machinations of the Radicals.

Col. HALL has made appointments to address the people of Jones and Lenoir at various places in those counties. Our standard-bearer for Lieutenant Governor is doing noble service for the Conservative cause, and is adding strength to the ticket daily.

Duplin County.

We learn from a friend that the meeting of the Conservatives at Kenansville, on Saturday last, was a decided success. Between one thousand and fifteen hundred people were in attendance from Duplin, Onslow and Sampson counties. The platform and candidates of the party were enthusiastically endorsed.

The speeches of COLS. COWAN and DE VANCE of this city, and Mr. STRONG, of Goldsboro, are spoken of in the most exalted terms. The enthusiasm which the speakers excited was very great, and has had the effect of arousing the people to the importance of the issues of the canvass. It is said to have been the most successful political meeting ever held in the county.

New York University.

Among the graduates of the Medical Department of the New York University, we find the following from North Carolina: Wm. Abernethy, D. R. Ambrose, W. J. H. Bellamy, Edward Clark, T. W. Harris, A. G. Jones, Wm. A. Lash, Alex. Montague, Thos. J. Moore, Jas. W. Sanders, K. R. Taylor and T. B. Twitty. Among the prizes awarded were the Budd Prize to Thos. J. Moore, and the Roscoe Prize to W. J. H. Bellamy. We congratulate our fellow-citizen upon his victory in a class so numerous and talented. Wilmington may well be proud of such sons.

From the Raleigh Sentinel.

Gov. Vance's Letter.

The letter of Gov. Vance to the State Executive Committee, declining the nomination for Governor, will be found below. Its first announcement will send a thrill of regret to the hearts of the Conservatives throughout the State, and will be hailed with rejoicing by the Radicals. But their joy will be of short duration. We know, personally, that Gov. Vance, long in advance of his nomination, earnestly begged that he should not be urged for any position on the ticket. Having settled himself for the prosecution of his profession, he has been anxious, from necessity and inclination, to avoid all temptations or inducements to office for years to come, hoping, by industry and energy, to provide for the future. Other very strong personal reasons influenced him. Hence, although his noble and generous nature subsequently made him willing, for the moment to sacrifice anything to the wishes of his friends, yet nature's reluctance, and the public relief is promised them—not will be. Will the white people of North Carolina sanction such a Constitution? We hope not. We believe it to be morally impossible.

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND—A GRADUATE FROM NEW HANOVER.

We have heretofore neglected to return our thanks to our friend Mr. CHAS. S. KEER, of Upper Back River district in this county, for an invitation to attend the commencement exercises of the School of Medicine, University of Maryland, which took place at Holiday Street Theatre, in Baltimore, March 5th.

We are pleased to learn that this gentleman was among the number who graduated at this session, and upon whom the degree of M. D. was conferred. From a personal knowledge and intimate association with him from childhood up, we have cause to know that his diploma was deservedly won, by patient and laborious application and hard study. We are not informed whether he will enter upon the practice of his profession in his native county, or seek a field of operation farther removed from us. Wherever he may go, we firmly believe that that success which true merit never fails to attain, will attend his efforts. Our best wishes and those of his friends be with him.

COUNTY COURT.—The Court was engaged principally with the transaction of county business Tuesday, having special reference to the repair of bridges and roads and other matters of secondary importance. Among other things done an appropriation of twelve thousand (\$12,000) dollars was made for the County Workhouse, as recommended in the report of the Finance Committee.

Licenses to retail spirituous liquors were granted to six parties in this city.

The fees of the Jailor were reduced from fifty to forty cents per day for each prisoner.

In regard to the appointment and election of such officers as is generally required at this term, by special understanding with General Canby, the present incumbent, is permitted to hold over and renew their bonds.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—A horse attached to a buggy in which Dr. Windell T. Robinson was carried, took a fright on Monday evening and dashed off at a most frightful speed, in turning the corner at General Hink's headquarters, threw Mrs. Robinson with great force to the ground, rendering her insensible; in which condition, we are pained to state, she still remains. Immediately after the accident she was carried to the residence of the General, and received every attention from the ladies of his family that it was possible for them to bestow.

Goldsboro News.

Col. E. D. Hall, of New Hanover, the Conservative candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has begun the canvass in earnest. We hope the distinguished gentleman may find it convenient to address the citizens of Wilson sometime during the canvass.

Wilson Plaindealer.

Holden, July 1, 1862.

The New Constitution.

We wish it were in our power to gratify the universal desire of our people to give an intelligent outline of the leading features of the Constitution to be submitted by the so-called Convention, but as yet there has been no article, we think, which has passed its third reading, and these which have passed their second are so confused and altered by amendments that it will require a committee to collect them together and present them in an intelligent shape for their final consideration.

The following review from the Sentinel will give our readers some idea of what has been and what will be done by this deleterious body:

"If the mongrel Convention will complete its stalling and sniveling, to the inspection of the people cannot be determined. The people have been sufficiently amused with its proceedings and are now becoming weary and disgusted with its action. If anything can arouse the white people of the State to go to the polls and vote, a privilege graciously granted them by the Convention, it must be the knowledge of the Constitution which this incompetent and unconstitutional body is engaged in framing.

"What portion of it can be regarded as complete, we are unable to determine. The greater number of articles, we presume, have passed their second reading. These articles are yet to be put together, when it is likely they will be revised and amended on their third reading.

"Some days ago we gave a general outline of their character, which subsequent information does not require us to change. We had hoped to obtain copies of each article, as adopted on its second reading, to lay before our readers, but these we have not been able to obtain.

The equality of all men, and equal civil and political rights, will be granted alike to white and black, except that we look for discrimination, in favor of the blacks, in the matter of suffrage; blacks and whites will be put upon the same footing as to sitting on juries, and as to holding office, without the usual and necessary guaranties as to capacity, responsibility or moral integrity; the property qualification, so essential to the protection of society and property, will be generally discarded; no prohibition as to mixing up blacks and whites in the militia, or in the public schools, or as to intermarriage, will be made, but every encouragement will be given to the practice and intercourse of the advocates of negro equality, will be given to Africanization. Poor white men, unable to educate their children, are to be compelled to send them to school with the blacks. In the matter of taxation, discriminations may be made in favor of the blacks. A tax of nearly or quite \$100,000 is to be levied upon the personal and real property of the people, to pay the expenses of the Convention, which three-fourths of the tax payers of the State never desired or assented to. This tax, we understand, is to be raised from the lands, tenements, furniture, goods and chattels, stock of all kinds, poultry, &c.,—in short, from the real and personal property of the people.

Besides a large increase of officers and salaries, an effort is making to compel the Legislature to levy a tax to pay, at an early day, the interest on the State debt. The general characteristics of our old customs are to be changed. The House of Commons is to be called the "House of Representatives." Instead of the simple division of towns and counties, we are to have "townships." New offices and new names are to be introduced, in accordance with the customs of the Northern States.

Thus it appears that the new Constitution is to be indeed a new one, not in accordance with North Carolina, but with the Yankee principles of the Convention. The ten or twelve Yankees in the Convention have been the leaders, masters and controllers of the eighty or ninety native negroes, sent to the Convention by the negroes and an insignificant portion of the white people of North Carolina. The people of North Carolina have asked for relief—have begged for bread, and the mongrel will give them a stone. No real relief is promised them—not will be. Will the white people of North Carolina sanction such a Constitution? We hope not. We believe it to be morally impossible.

For the Journal.

Conservative Meeting in Robeson County.

According to previous notice the "Conservatives" of Robeson met in Lumberton on the 6th inst. The meeting was organized by the selection of Daniel McNeill, Chairman, and Dr. W. A. Dick and W. Foster French, Secretaries.

On motion of Giles Leitch, Esq., the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, viz: James A. Rozier, Allen Walters, Alex. Humphrey, James Blount and Stephen D. Collins. After retiring a few moments the committee returned and reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, 1st. That we endorse the proceedings of the late Conservative Convention in Raleigh, not only as to its plan of organization, but also the general principles of those resolutions.

Resolved, 2nd. That the nomination of Zebulon B. Vance and Col. Hall is highly gratifying to us, and we will support them with a perfect "eye" and as we do, Judges who will January in the old fashioned way with a J, we will support the present members of the Convention, together with those who have been nominated by the Conservative party in preference to "Yankee Squab" and North Carolina Radical bought babies in the law.

Resolved, 3rd. That we prefer a "live Yankee" to a Southern traitor, and having no room for either, we will not support for office a New England "carpet-bagger" or a Southern hybrid or speckled political hermaphrodite.

Resolved, 4th. That we unite with our sister counties in restoring North Carolina to the proud position which she occupied when her own sons governed the affairs of State in their own way.

Resolved, 5th. That we extend an invitation to Gov. Vance to address the people of Robeson on the 24th inst., as a matter of courtesy to W. W. Holden, who proposes to address his party here at that time.

The committee also reported the names of the following as the Executive Committee of each District of the county, viz:

Lumberton—W. Foster French, Jesse Phillips, Howell's—W. J. Rogers, John C. Kinlaw, St. Paul's—Neil McNeill, Daniel McNeill, Lumberton Bridge—Hodder McNeill, D. A. McNeill.

McLachlan's—Dr. A. Bethune, James D. McLean, Smith's—P. Smith, H. Lilly, Humphreys—J. H. Ellis, D. Brown, Alford's—John W. Alford, M. A. Leach, Thompson's—John S. McArthur, John Hambrick.

White House—W. J. Oliver, Colin Williams, Sterling's—Emmon Collins, W. B. Floyd, Britt's—F. E. Hume, John Collins, Beck Swamp—H. C. McNeill, J. C. Townsend, Burnt Islands—Uriah Pittman, John Warwick.

On motion of Col. John A. Rowland, the following were appointed delegates to the District Congressional Convention, viz: John A. Rowland, Thomas A. Norment, N. A. McLean, Thomas J. Morrisey, R. G. McNeill, John W. Smith, Alex. G. Rury, James A. Rozier, J. H. McEachern, John Leach, P. P. Smith, J. W. Alford, J. S. McArthur, W. H. Floyd, James A. Lawson, S. D. Collins, William Wishart, H. B. Howell, Alex. Humphrey, and the following delegates to District Judicial Conventions, viz: Giles Leitch, Esq., Alfred Rowland, W. F. French, W. S. Norment, James T. Pettway, Calvin Black, Reuben King, Murphy C. McNeill, I. P. Smith, John T. Pope.

After having the pleasure of listening to sound, eloquent, and instructive addresses from Thos. A. Norment, Esq., Col. N. A. McLean, W. S. Chaffin, and Giles Leitch, Esq., the meeting adjourned to re-assemble on the 21st instant, for the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the different county offices.

DANIEL MCNEILL, Chairman.  
W. A. DICK, Secretary.  
W. FOSTER FRENCH, Secretary.

INSPECTOR'S RETURNS.—The following returns of their operations for the past twelve months have been made by the several Inspectors named below to the County Court now in session here.

The following are the Naval Store Inspectors' returns of the number of barrels of turpentine inspected, and spirits and tar gauged:

	Turpentine.	Spirits.	Tar.
John W. Hays	34,129	3,910	3,165
Thos. A. Alderman	3,345	3,917	2,617
Johnson & Southernland	36,778	6,118	6,708
Arch. Alderman	5,633	12,450	2,223
M. H. Anderson	15,155	2,441	4,208
Geo. C. Bowden	32	11,057	183
Jas. O. Bowden	14,199	3,910	3,165
Alfred Alderman	23,634	14,353	6,973
W. J. Cross	12,095	4,212	2,493

Of Timber and Lumber the following amount has been inspected by the Inspectors named below:

	Timber, ft.	Lumber, ft.
Bowden & Alderman	15,323,800	743,412
W. M. Munroe	1,784,273	557,124
E. T. Burlington	1,891,249	224,620
H. M. Munroe	2,024,742	1,539,653
Geo. McNeill	1,829,049	2,733,000

The returns of the Inspectors of Provisions and Weighers are as follows:

	Cotton, bales.	Turpentine, bbls.	Spirits, bbls.	Tar, bbls.
Hays	2,670	3,910	3,165	3,165
Thos. A. Alderman	3,345	3,917	2,617	2,617
Johnson & Southernland	36,778	6,118	6,708	6,708
Arch. Alderman	5,633	12,450	2,223	2,223
M. H. Anderson	15,155	2,441	4,208	4,208
Geo. C. Bowden	32	11,057	183	183
Jas. O. Bowden	14,199	3,910	3,165	3,165
Alfred Alderman	23,634	14,353	6,973	6,973
W. J. Cross	12,095	4,212	2,493	2,493

JOHN W. MUNROE.

	Cotton, bbls.	Turpentine, bbls.	Spirits, bbls.	Tar, bbls.
Hays	2,670	3,910	3,165	3,165
Thos. A. Alderman	3,345	3,917	2,617	2,617
Johnson & Southernland	36,778	6,118	6,708	6,708
Arch. Alderman	5,633	12,450	2,223	2,223
M. H. Anderson	15,155	2,441	4,208	4,208
Geo. C. Bowden	32	11,057	183	183
Jas. O. Bowden	14,199	3,910	3,165	3,165
Alfred Alderman	23,634	14,353	6,973	6,973
W. J. Cross	12,095	4,212	2,493	2,493

D. E. BUNTING.

	Cotton, bbls.	Turpentine, bbls.	Spirits, bbls.	Tar, bbls.
Hays	2,670	3,910	3,165	3,165
Thos. A. Alderman	3,345	3,917	2,617	2,617
Johnson & Southernland	36,778	6,118	6,708	6,708
Arch. Alderman	5,633	12,450	2,223	2,223
M. H. Anderson	15,155	2,441	4,208	4,208
Geo. C. Bowden	32	11,057	183	183
Jas. O. Bowden	14,199	3,910	3,165	3,165
Alfred Alderman	23,634	14,353	6,973	6,973
W. J. Cross	12,095	4,212	2,493	2,493

Then.

"WHO WILL FLOT FOR THE HEADS OF ABE LINCOLN AND GEN. SCOTT?"

W. W. Holden, June 5th, 1861.

NOW.

"Our beloved State will once more put on the garments of prosperity; and our people will be contented and happy through the long ages reserved for the existence of the government which Washington established, and which Lincoln labored and died to preserve."

Fraternally yours,  
W. W. HOLDEN, President.  
JAS. S. HARRIS, 1st Vice Pres't.  
A. H. JONES, 2d Vice Pres't.  
C. W. HORNES, Secretary.

(Closing sentence of the address to the U. S. A. in N. C., January 31, 1868.)

THE ARTICLE ON EDUCATION.

There was an error in our report of Friday's proceedings on this article. The subjoined is the correct version, when the following section was reached:

Sec. 18. The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the Public Schools during the period between the ages of six (6) and eighteen (18) years, for a term of not less than sixteen months, unless excused by other means.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to amend by adding at its close: "Provided, that the child shall be separate and distinct schools and colleges for the WHITE and COLORED RACES."

Mr. Graham enforced his amendment with his usual ability, and said that it was offered in perfect sincerity. The yeas and nays were ordered, and his amendment was voted down.

This short report of what actually transpired is the text for our County Canvassers. Let them take it up and ring the changes upon it from the mountains to the seaboard. In the face of this record no man can successfully deny the purpose of the negro Radicals to degrade the white children of the State in their anxiety to propitiate the NEGRO VOTE!

From the Raleigh Sentinel.

The "Constitutional Convention."

(So-called.)

NIGHT SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 7 o'clock.

The report of the committee on Immigration was taken up.

Mr. Rich, the Chairman of the committee, said that this subject had been lingering long enough. He called the previous question.

The call was sustained and the question returned upon Mr. Chandler's resolution. The yeas and nays were called and the vote stood, yeas 21, nays 62.

The ordinance, as amended, was put on its final passage. The yeas and nays being called resulted, yeas 32, nays 66.

Mr. Tongue cleared the floor upon the notice which he gave last night, of moving a reconsideration of the vote upon Mr. Rodman's ordinance for relief. Mr. Tongue then proceeded to give his objections to the ordinance at considerable length.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, concurred with Mr. Tongue, and, in an argument of some length, gave his reasons for objecting to it.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, thought that his substitute, offered on a previous occasion, when a measure like this was discussed, would meet the requirements of the case, and with due deference to the House, he thought it would be much more just. He could not understand why banks could be sued on their notes, when they were not allowed to collect anything due them. In another section, there was much verbiage to express what could be done in a few words and it was done for puzzling and misleading the people. If this ordinance was reconsidered, he would move his substitute. He did not favor a retrospective homestead; he thought that the State was in favor of practical relief and thought it could be best done at by changing the remedy. In his opinion the ordinance would not stand the test of the courts. The ordinance of '65, he thought, would be much better, and more justly in its provisions meet the necessities of the people. As to this stuff about aristocracy, that was all gammon. In his county the property-holders were the men that mainly opposed the war, &c. He agreed with Mr. Tongue, that if Congress had the right to destroy the State government, it was responsible for our debts. But he did not admit the constitutionality of these laws of Congress, &c.

After some further debate Mr. Tongue called the previous question on his motion to reconsider.

The call was sustained. The yeas and nays were called, and the vote stood—yeas 73, nays 20.

Mr. Pool moved to postpone the further consideration of this object and make it the special order for Monday next, at 10 o'clock, and that his two ordinances on relief be considered in connection with it. Agreed to.

The House soon after adjourned.

MORNING SESSION.

THURSDAY, March 5, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. — Epes (negro).

Mr. Holt arose on a question of privilege. He said that his resolutions (about Lincoln and the assassination of President Lincoln) offered yesterday had been treated with contempt and thrown out. He offered the following protest, and asked that it be put on the record:

"As the resolutions which I offered yesterday, with reference to the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, and the alleged complicity of W. W. Holden in that foul crime were not allowed to be read in the Convention, I do, in the name of the people of Orange county, solemnly protest against this outrage upon their rights, by refusing to their representation on this floor an undecisive matter of justice, in violation of the rules of this body and of all parliamentary rules and usages."

E. M. HOLT.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, moved that the protest be returned to the introducer, as was the resolution.

Mr. Holt said the House would not wait to hear the resolutions even read. The charges contained were made all over the State.

While Mr. Holt was speaking the Speaker's hammer fell, and he called Mr. Holt to order.

Mr. Holt said he was speaking in regard to his resolutions, and he wished his protest entered on the record.

Mr. Durham said that the reason why Republican members would not allow the protest to be entered, was from sheer cowardice, and it was an infamous and cowardly outrage. He demanded the right for Mr. Holt to enter his protest, and if you refuse it to him, it will be in perfect keeping with the tone and spirit of this body, and we denounce such a proceeding arising from abject and sheer cowardice on your part.

Mr. King's motion to return the protest was put and carried.

Mr. Sweet called up the resolution, reported by the committee on Privileges and Elections, and said that it was in town one day, now acceded by Mr. Williams, of Sampson, Conservative, in favor of one L. D. Hall, a Radical.

Mr. Durham objected to it as being out of order.

The Chair decided in favor of Mr. Sweet, and the matter was read.

Mr. Fullings, the Chairman of the committee, moved its adoption.

Mr. Williams said he felt it to be his duty to defend his seat from this outrageous and fraudulent attack. This case, some time ago was referred back to the committee with instructions to send for persons and papers. He had never been summoned to go before it. A gentleman was in town one or two days ago, who was anxious to go before the committee, and asked him (Mr. Williams) to have it assembled, who could have proved that in a precinct men voted who had previously voted for men who were no candidates. But he (Mr. W.) felt a delicacy in acting in the matter, and besides it was the duty of that committee to have seen for it. He could prove, if allowed to do so, that there were not only twenty or twenty-five men in the county by the name of Hall, but men known to the poll-holders voted for men that were well known not to be candidates. Now you have sent your report to Gen. Canby, without having sent as you were ordered, the Convention, for persons and papers. If you sent any, you collected evidence all on one side.

Mr. Durham said that he held in his hand an affidavit from one of the poll-holders of a precinct, with the county seal stamped upon it, showing that the votes for Ransom Hall, Randall Hall and Ransom Hall, were cast for different persons, and knowing, too, and even were there not a general order from Gen. Canby to that effect, the votes would not be allowed for a candidate unless the full name was upon his ticket. But we know what course you will pursue in this matter. Mr. Williams will expel him, and therefore you will expel him. But we protest against the infamous proceeding.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, said the committee might have evidence to satisfy it, but he had heard none. The first report was found totally insufficient. It was recommended for further evidence, and that now presented does not furnish a iota of evidence; it only stated an opinion and says not a word about any evidence to

GOING OVER.—We observed this morning a very large flock of wild geese on their journey from the warm sunny South to the cold Northern lakes. We also observed a morning swallow "homeward bound," but it happened to be a swallow-tailed cat in which we had a badwoods individual.—Raleigh Register.

An early spring—jumping out of bed at five o'clock in the morning.—[Lowell Courier.

PROPOSED MASS MEETING IN RALEIGH.

A correspondent of the New Berne Journal of Commerce proposes a grand State mass meeting in this city some time during the pending canvass. He advises that the white people shall come up from all sections of the State, with banners and devices, and that the ablest speakers of the day be invited to be present and address the people.

We heartily approve the suggestion.—Let the Executive Committee have a meeting and announce the time and place for a Grand Mass Meeting, and then let the press of the State urge the attendance of the people.

HON. THOS. S. ASHE.—We learn that this distinguished gentleman, one of the canvassers for the State at large, condescending to reply last week, at Albemarle, Stanly county, to



